

USA Hockey
2014-15
LEVEL 4 CLOSED BOOK
PLAYING RULES EXAMINATION



OFFICIATING EDUCATION PROGRAM

PLEASE PRINT YOUR NAME BELOW:

USA HOCKEY OFFICIATING EDUCATION PROGRAM

2013-14 LEVEL 4 CLOSED BOOK RULES EXAMINATION

EXAM PROCEDURE:

1. Write your name on the front cover of this booklet in the space provided.
2. Answer questions on the answer sheet provided.
3. Duplicate those answers on this portion.
4. Turn in both this exam and the answer sheet. This portion will only be used if there is a problem with the answer sheet.
5. **Only officials who have applied for Level 4 are eligible to complete this exam.**
6. Your Level 4 Exam will not be graded unless both portions have been submitted.

TRUE OR FALSE

1. Under the Standard of Play initiative, any stick contact with an opponent that is NOT limited to playing the puck is a penalty.
2. The timekeeper hears a player using a racial slur toward an opponent. At the next stoppage of play, the timekeeper tells the referee about the incident. The referee must warn both teams that using a racial slur is a game misconduct.
3. Player A returns to the ice prematurely. While he/she is on the ice, Team B inadvertently puts the puck into its own goal. The goal is disallowed.
4. Once a player is designated to serve a penalty for an injured teammate and play resumes, that designee cannot be changed.
5. ANSWER "TRUE."
6. A game misconduct penalty shall be assessed to any player who throws his/her stick outside the playing surface after his/her team has been scored upon.
7. A stoppage of play in front of the goal is followed by a gathering of players. The ensuing face-off shall take place in the neutral zone if any of the attacking team's players enter the end zone further than the edges of the face-off circle closest to the blue line.
8. A major penalty for tripping is the minimum penalty to be assessed when a slew foot is committed against an opponent.
9. The home team shoots the puck into the visiting goal and it is not observed by the referee in the 3-official system. Play continues until the visiting team scores and the referee stops play. The linesman reports the home team goal to the referee and the referee agrees that the home team scored on the prior play. The proper sequence of events is to award the goal to the home team and reset the game clock and any penalty clocks to when the goal was scored.
10. The linesman is on the goal line covering for the referee who is in the neutral zone. If the puck enters the goal and is not observed by the referee, the linesman shall signify that the puck entered the goal by pointing at the goal and blowing his/her whistle to stop play.
11. If the referee realizes later in the game that he/she erred in assessing a penalty because of a misapplied rule, he/she can change the scoresheet and submit a supplementary discipline report to the proper authorities explaining the situation.
12. The attacking team player, in the attacking zone, shoots the puck which hits the cross bar and goes out of the playing surface. The ensuing face-off is in the attacking zone.
13. Players that are ineligible for the game should be crossed off the scoresheet at the conclusion of the game.
14. When a team receives 15 penalties in a game, the coach responsible for the team at the time of the 15th penalty is suspended for the next game of that team.
15. The proper sequence of events for a referee to take if a coach refuses to place his/her team on the ice is as follows: Warning with 15 seconds to comply, bench minor penalty, warning with 15 seconds to comply, declare the game suspended, assess a match penalty and report the incident to the proper authorities.

PENALTY EXPIRATION

In the following situations, determine which player, if any, returns to the ice once the goal is scored.

- A. Player "X" returns to the ice.
- B. Player "X's" first minor penalty terminates.
- C. Substitute for Player "X" returns to the ice.
- D. Player "Y" returns to the ice.
- E. No penalty may be terminated.

16. CLOCK TIME	Team "A"	Team "B"
5:30	X-2+2	
4:00	Y-2	
3:00		Goal

17. CLOCK TIME	Team "A"	Team "B"
5:00	X-2+2	
4:00		Y-2
3:30		Goal

18. CLOCK TIME	Team "A"	Team "B"
8:30	X-5+2	
3:00		Goal

19. CLOCK TIME	Team "A"	Team "B"
4:30	X-5+2	B-5
3:00		Goal

20. CLOCK TIME	Team "A"	Team "B"
5:00	X-2+2	N-2
4:00		P-2
3:30	Goal	

MULTIPLE CHOICE

Match the penalty to be assessed.

- A. *Minor*
 B. *Misconduct*
 C. *Misconduct or Game Misconduct*
 D. *Game Misconduct*
 E. *Bench Minor*
21. Obscene gesture by a coach.
 22. Initial penalty for inciting an opponent after the game.
 23. An identifiable player uses obscene or abusive language to anyone anywhere in the rink.
 24. During a stoppage of play, a coach uses obscene language and is gesturing very wildly at the referee.
 25. During a stoppage of play, team official #2 persists in the conduct for which team official #1 was just assessed a bench minor.
 26. Player receives a second misconduct penalty in the same game.

Who serves the penalty?

- A. *Offending player*
 B. *Offending goalkeeper*
 C. *Any non-penalized player, except a goalkeeper*
 D. *Player on the ice when the infraction occurred*
 E. *Player on the players' bench when the infraction occurred*
27. Misconduct is assessed to the goalkeeper.
 28. Bench minor penalty is assessed to a team official.
 29. Unidentified player on the bench verbally abuses the official.
 30. Major and game misconduct assessed to a player.
 31. Player creating too many players on the ice.
 32. Team official is assessed a match penalty.
 33. What is the numerical strength of Team "A" under the following situation?

CLOCK TIME	Team "A"	Team "B"
3:00	X-2+2 Y-2	B-2

- a. Team "A" short one player.
 b. Team "A" short two players.
 c. Team "A" choice of either answer a or answer b.
 d. Team "A" short two players, Team "B" short one player.
 e. None of the above.

34. A player has been assessed a second major penalty in the same game. The referee is not aware of the fact that the player had received two majors in the same game and thus should have been assessed a game misconduct penalty. What happens if the player later scores a goal while illegally in the game?
 a. Assess the game misconduct.
 b. Disallow the goal.
 c. Allow the goal.
 d. Both a and b.
 e. Both a and c.
35. Who would serve the penalty if Team A's substitute goalkeeper on the players' bench receives a misconduct penalty?
 a. Any player on Team A.
 b. Any player on Team A who was on the ice at the time of the offense.
 c. The substitute goalkeeper.
 d. The substitute goalkeeper if there is a dressed third goalkeeper.
 e. No player serves a misconduct penalty to a non-participant.
36. Player A makes intentional contact with his elbow on Player B's facemask. What is the proper penalty?
 a. Major plus game misconduct for roughing.
 b. Minor plus misconduct for head contact.
 c. Major plus game misconduct for head contact.
 e. Major plus game misconduct for elbowing.
37. If three players from the same team are on the penalty bench serving non-coincident minor penalties assessed at different times, when the first penalty time expires:
 a. Captain's choice who returns.
 b. The player whose penalty has expired returns to the game immediately.
 c. The second player whose penalty will expire next returns to the game at that time.
 d. Nobody returns to the game and the third penalty time begins.
 e. All players must remain on the penalty bench until the next stoppage of play.

Match the penalty to be assessed.

- A. *Match*
 B. *Misconduct*
 C. *Game Misconduct*
 D. *Bench Minor*
 E. *None of the above*
38. Adult male player deliberately removes his helmet or an opponent's helmet prior to or during an altercation. The player is assessed what penalty?
 39. Youth player deliberately removes his helmet prior to or during an altercation. The player is assessed what penalty?

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40. A stick is thrown on the ice in protest of a call. What penalty is assessed?
41. A penalized player verbally threatens the timekeeper/scorekeeper. What penalty is assessed?
42. Intentionally shooting the puck out of the reach of the official retrieving the puck during a stoppage of play. The player is assessed what penalty?
43. During an altercation in a youth game, a player's helmet comes off. The helmet was being worn properly with all straps tightly fastened and in place. The player is assessed what penalty?
44. During an altercation in a youth game, a player's helmet come off because the player did not have a chin strap on his helmet, only the facemask straps were fastened. The player is assessed what penalty?
45. A player on a breakaway, with the opposing goalkeeper off the ice, is clearly fouled from behind. The referee determines that an awarded goal situation has occurred, but does not stop play until it ends when the offending team scores a goal. What is the proper procedure to follow:
- Award the goal to the player that had the breakaway.
 - Award the goal to the offending team.
 - The game clock is to reflect the time at which the goal was scored.
 - Both a and c.
 - Both b and c.
46. A youth player is assessed a major penalty plus a game misconduct for fighting. He is also assessed a match penalty for removing his helmet during the altercation. The player is also assessed a game misconduct under Rule 403(b) for two major penalties in a game.
- True
 - False
47. A goalkeeper skates out of the goal crease approximately six feet to challenge a shooter on a breakaway that is taking a slap shot from the blue line. The player heads to the players' bench after taking the shot. Unchallenged, the goalkeeper stops the puck between his pads and holds his pads together to get the referee to blow his whistle to stop play. As the goalkeeper was not being challenged and had sufficient time to play the puck, the referee should assess a delay of game penalty.
- True.
 - False.
48. The goalkeeper breaks his stick during the second period. A teammate obtains a new goalkeeper's stick at the player's bench. With the puck in their attacking zone, the player slides it along the ice to the goalkeeper from the center red line. Is this considered legal?
- Yes.
 - No.
49. Opposing players are involved in an altercation and one player uses his glove to push off on his opponent's facemask. This action warrants a major and game misconduct as a face wash or rubbing the facemask.
- True.
 - False.
50. Team A high sticks the puck in its defending zone, and the puck moves into the neutral zone, where a Team B defenseman strikes the puck with a high stick and the puck leaves the rink. Where is the ensuing face-off?
- Team A's defending zone.
 - Team B's defending zone.
 - Last play face-off.





2014-15 LEVEL 4 CLOSED BOOK EXAM

Answer Key

Q # True	Q # False	ANSWER	Rule #	Q # True	Q # False	ANSWER	Rule #
1	12	False	SOP	26	25	D	404(a)
2	8	True	601(e.2) – Sit. 17	27	29	D	407(a)
3	13	True	629(c) - Sit. 10	28	30	D	402(b)
4	7	False	206(d)	29	32	D	402(b)
5	5	True/False		30	28	C	403(d)
6	15	False	637(c)	31	27	D	205(a) & 402(b)
7	1	True	612(d)	32	31	D	405(a) - Sit. 2
8	4	False	639(a.4)	33	33	C	402(f) Note
9	3	True	617(a) – Sit. 5	34	37	E	403(b) – Sit. 3
10	9	True	503(c.6) - Sit. 4	35	35	B	407(a) – Sit. 5
11	6	False	502(a & e) – Sit. 6)	36	34	C	620(b) – Sit. 1 & 3
12	11	False	612(c)	37	36	D	406(a & b)
13	14	False	203(a)	38	42	C	615(c) – Sit. 9 & 13
14	2	True	401(b) - Sit. 6	39	40	A	615(c) – Sit. 9 & 13
15	10	True	633(a) – Sit. 2	40	44	D	601(b.3)
16	17	D	402(c)	41	43	A	601(f.3)
17	20	E	402(c)	42	39	B	601(c)
18	19	A	402(c)	43	38	E	615(c) – Sit. 12
19	18	C	402(e)	44	41	C	615(c) – Sit. 12
20	16	E	402(c)	45	50	D	616(c) - Sit 4
21	23	D	601(e.2)	46	48	B	403(b) / 405(a) & 615(c) - Sit. 20
22	21	B	601(a.2) Note	47	46	A	614(c) – Sit. 10
23	24	B	601(c.2) & 601(b) Note	48	49	A	605(b) / 625(a.7) & 637(a) – Sit. 12
24	22	E	601(b)	49	45	B	622(b) – Sit. 2
25	26	D	601(e.1) – Sit. 15)	50	47	B	621(c) – Sit. 11